

















**THE WEEKLY VALLEY HERALD.**  
A. L. DU TOIT & CO., Proprietors.

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Transient advertisements payable in advance.

**The Valley Herald.**  
Official County Paper.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
**A. L. AND F. E. DU TOIT,**  
Editors and Publishers.

**COUNTY OFFICERS:**  
Treasurer—Peter Weege.  
Auditor—L. Streukens.  
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.  
Sheriff—P. E. Du Toit.  
Clerk of Court—G. Krayenbuhl.  
Attorney—E. Hamlin.  
Surveyor—J. O. Bruns.  
Judge of Probate—J. A. Sargent.  
School Superintendent—Wm. Benson.  
Coroner—Fred Oberier.  
County Commissioners—S. D. Kohler, Chairman, A. W. Tilden, Frederick Hils, A. J. Carlson, Adam Hill.

**REFORM TICKET.**

For President,  
**SAMUEL J. TILDEN,**  
of New York.  
For Vice-President,  
**Thomas B. Hendricks,**  
of Indiana.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL Jewell has been forced to resign by President Grant. Bristow and Jewell were too much of reformers and honest men to suit Grant and his surroundings. When, oh! when, will the people wake up and in their might shake off the incubus that has held us down for the past two years?

CANDIDATES for Congress in the Second District are as thick as grasshoppers in Nobles county. Strait will be home in a couple of weeks and will make it lively for his Republican competitors, while Hinds, Archibald, Williston, Doran and Maj. Dougherty will all enlighten the Democratic masses as to their duty in the premises. Evidently there is music in the air.

In 1874 the State taxes of New York were \$16,000,000, run up to that figure by Radical misrule; in 1875 they were reduced by Gov. Tilden to \$14,000,000, and this year he has knocked it down to \$8,000,000. Tilden is death on stealing. Rogues fly from him as from a glance of destiny. He saves the State of New York \$8,000,000 a year—he will save the United States \$100,000,000 a year. In his election lies the salvation of the country.—[Courier-Journal.]

**Second District.**

From the Red Wing Argus, (Iowa)  
Treaty compels us to admit that the democrats of the valley prefer to vote for a valley man, even if a republican, than for a party man who does not live within the sacred territory, as was the case when they sacrificed the Hon. C. C. Graham. Although maintaining separate organizations they are only nominally divided, and in electing Congressmen the question of locality has hitherto controlled all other considerations. If this is to continue the sooner this end of the district recognizes the fact and acts upon it the better. Judging from the past, it is useless for either party here to count upon support for any candidate who does not dilute his whisky with water from the Minnesota river. Perhaps we are mistaken in our speculations as to the future—we hope we are, but it will require proof to remove the doubt engendered by the crooked political paths of the past.

It is a great pity that God's chosen few in the east end of this district should be forced to associate with those who dilute their whisky with Minnesota river water. Perhaps if the Argus man will look at the election returns of 1872 and 1874 he will find that local interests can effect even the minds of the chosen few in his own city, who thank God that they are not like other men, and can take their whisky Strait—undiluted.

**"Thou Shalt Not Steal."**

The New York Sun of July 1, has this forcible and pithy answer to numerous correspondents: "We yesterday received several letters asking what is Gov. Tilden's religion, and we tell our correspondents and the rest of mankind that it is the Christian religion; that he is of the Presbyterian denomination, and that he has given proof of the sincerity of his faith by enforcing in the performance of his official duties that divine commandment, 'Thou shalt not steal.'"

**Dispatches to Gov. Tilden.**

Governor Tilden has received the following dispatches:—  
CHATTANOOGA, N. Y. June 29.  
The Greely household and its friends are all with you. NICHOLAS SMITH.  
FERRISBURGH, N. J. June 29.  
His Excellency, Samuel J. Tilden:  
I congratulate you. The democrats of New Jersey will support you enthusiastically, and give you the electoral vote of the state.  
[Signed] JOEL PARKER.  
ROSELIN, L. I. June 26.  
The man is the platform, and the Ring-breaker of New York will prove the Ring-breaker of the nation. All who really desire honest money, diminished taxation, pure administration, unfeigned trade and the restoration of a true national feeling in the place of a wretched sectionalism, will rally to his support.  
PARKER GOODWIN.

# The Weekly Valley Herald.

A. L. DU TOIT & CO., Proprietors.

VOLUME 14

CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1876.

TERMS, \$1.50 Per Annum.

NUMBER 47.

**Democratic Central Committee**

Hon. E. W. Durant, of Stillwater, chairman of the last democratic State Convention, has appointed the following gentlemen as members of the state central committee.

E. S. Brown, Stillwater, Washington county.  
William Lee, chairman, St. Paul Ramsey county.  
W. W. McNair, Minneapolis, Hennepin county.  
John M. Archibald, Dundas, Rice county.  
John C. Wise, Mankato, Blue Earth county.  
A. M. Fridley, Becker, Sherburne county.  
John L. McDonald, Shakopee, Scott county.  
Henry Poehler, Henderson, Sibley county.  
J. H. McKenny, Chatfield, Fillmore county.  
J. M. Paine, Northern Pacific Junction, Carlton county.  
Wm. M. Campbell, Litchfield, Meeker county.

**AT LARGE.**

W. J. Whipple, Winona, Winona county.  
P. H. Kelly, St. Paul, Ramsey Co.  
A. A. Ames, Minneapolis, Hennepin county.

**Tilden the Embodiment of the Issues of the Campaign.**

Col. McClure in Philadelphia Times.  
For once the Democracy has given the country a leader who is himself the embodiment of the issues of the contest. He is no expedient—no inoffensive nobody to drive through a contest without offense. He comes before the American people just when there is a famine of manly leadership and a universal feast of savorily littleness. He will be opposed by some who believe more in the Democracy of the past than in the grandeur of a national regeneration, but unless the audible whispers of Republican discontent are utterly meaningless, each setting sun will rise again on Gov. Tilden strengthened in the trust of the people. Such is the teaching of today, and there must be a reaction—more powerful even than that of August, 1872, if he shall not be the Centennial President of Peace.

**Bill King.**

Washington special to Chicago Tribune.  
The judiciary committee has finally decided that it has jurisdiction in the case of Pacific Mail jobbers, Bill King and Schumaker. The committee, however, has not discovered this until so late in the session that it has a convenient excuse for not entering upon the further investigation of the subject. The committee has therefore decided to recommend that the whole subject be transferred to the civil service committee for investigation. It would seem that the only investigation needed from the evidence already taken would be to report on the motion to exclude both these gentlemen from the House. The recommendation for a postponement of further investigation by the committee looks very much like a design on the part of politicians to eliminate that scandal from the Presidential campaign.

**What Custer was to do.**

CAMP OF NORTH ROSEBUD, June 21.  
Lieut. Gen. P. H. Sheridan, Commanding Military Division of the Missouri, Chicago.  
No Indians have been met with as yet, but traces of a large and recent camp have been discovered twenty or thirty miles up the Rosebud. Gibbon's column will move this morning on the north side of the Yellowstone for the mouth of the Big Horn, where it will be ferried across by the supply steamer, and whence it will proceed to the mouth of the Little Horn, and so on. Custer will go up the Rosebud to-morrow with his whole regiment, and thence to the head waters of the Little Horn, thence down the Little Horn.

**A. H. Terry.**

Brigadier General Commanding.

**Southerners in the Union Army.**

In a notice of the address of General D. H. Hill, before the Mecklenburg (N. C.) Historical society, the Baltimore Sun attributes to him the following curious statement about the number of southern soldiers in the union army during the war of the rebellion: "Even in the late civil war the President of the United States was a southern born man, and the first commander-in-chief, whose plan for the subsequent conduct of the war was probably that which was finally successfully acted on, was a Virginian. Next to Grant and Sherman, whose leading military conceptions were, perhaps, derived from Gen. Scott, the most successful union generals were southern men, viz: Thomas, Canby, Blair, Sykes, Ord, Getty, Anderson, Alexander, Nelson, etc. General Hill declares that it was the stubborn resistance of Thomas at Chickamauga and the refusal of Andrew Jackson to give up Nashville, as he had directed, dug the grave of the confederacy. Farragut, of Tennessee, rose to the highest rank in the navy. The naval forces at Hattaras were under command of Goldsborough, of Maryland. General Hill is of the opinion that the south furnished as many troops to the union army as did the populous north. At any rate there were no better troops in the union service. Missouri gave 108,773 soldiers to the United States, Kentucky 92,000 and Maryland 46,750. Other southern states contributed in greater or less degree. In all there were 400,000 native-born southerners in the union service. This does not include the 250,000 negro troops."

**SIDEWALK NOTICE.**

To Whom it May Concern.

To Matt Schmidt G. Schroers, M. Schuetzke, P. Honk, Jos. Starken, Albert Denine, F. Rohde, E. Poppitz, William Brinkhaus, Baxter & Du Toit, F. Theis, F. Hammel, Catholic church, F. E. Du Toit, George Warner, Mrs. H. Young, Jno Kurker, Lincolnton & Faber, F. Greiner, Sr., Adolph Eistein, Peter Iltis, County Commissioners, Moravian church, P. Barthel, Jos. Winninghoff, Jos. Ess, M. Iltis, M. Goetz, J. Meader, P. Weege, J. & B. Arnold, H. Goodrich, L. L. Baxter, Chaska Company.  
You and each of you are hereby required to build and complete sidewalks adjoining and fronting on lots and parcels of lots described in village ordinances No. eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), on or before the first day of August, A. D. 1876, or the village authorities will build and complete said sidewalks, as required in said ordinances, at the expense and costs of said above named property owners, immediately after the expiration of the time above given.  
For the accommodation of interested parties the ordinance requiring the said walks to be built can be seen at the clerk's office at all times.  
By order of the Board of Trustees of the village of Chaska.  
Approved: L. W. LUSK, President.  
Attest: Jos. FRANKEN, Village Clerk.

**NEW CASH**

**Hardware Store,**

CHASKA, MINN.

[Near the Drug Store.]

The Subscriber has opened a cash store for the sale of

**HARDWARE,**

**TINWARE,**

AND

House Furnishing Goods.

Farmers and others will be benefited by calling on me before buying elsewhere.

NEW GOODS RECEIVED DAILY.

PETER BARTHEL, Prop'r.

**PHILIP HENK,**

is still at his old stand in Chaska, and confidently announces to the public that he has the

**Largest Stock**

of

**HARDWARE**

of all kinds and descriptions in

**CARVER COUNTY,**

consisting of

**STOVES,**

**IRON,**

**NAILS,**

**GLASS,**

**CUTLERY, and**

**SHELF HARDWARE**

Also constantly on hand the best quality of

**TIN WARE,**

which is manufactured in his own shop by the best of workmen from the best quality of tin, and all warranted.

**Building Paper**

of all kinds and of the best quality constantly on hand, and can be furnished in any quantity.

**FARMING IMPLEMENTS**

and

**MACHINERY**

from the best manufacturers sold at the lowest prices and on reasonable terms.

From his long experience in handling plows he has selected the best kinds, and now has the

**LARGEST STOCK**

and

**BEST QUALITY**

of

**Breaking and Cross Plows**

ever brought to Carver County, which are

to do first-class work, and to scour in all kinds of soil.

Panic prices for all goods. Twenty percent lower than ever before. Come and see, and you will believe.

PHILIP HENK, Chaska, Minn.

**HOMES AND FORTUNES FOR ALL.**

**GRAND DISTRIBUTION**

OF CASH FARMS, BRICK BLOCKS, RESIDENCES, &c.

by the

**Kansas Land and Immigration Association.**

AUGUST 25th, 1876.

CAPITAL STOCK \$1,000,000, LEGALLY AUTHORIZED.

The Kansas Land and Immigration Association, of Atchinson, Kansas—an enterprise chartered by the State, inaugurated by men whose reputation for honesty, reliability and integrity stands unassailed, and who have the hearty endorsement of State and city officials and citizens—will on the 25th day of August, 1876, make a grand distribution to its share holders of many valuable tracts of cash and real estate. Highest cash award \$75,000, lowest \$50. The real estate award, consisting of choice farms, business houses, residences, &c., have been selected from the choicest property in the State. Price of shares only five dollars each. Every shareholder will be fairly represented at the distribution. The chances offered to secure a home and fortune are unprecedented. Distribution positive, August 25, 1876, or money will be refunded in full. Send in your order at once, so you may have your numbers carefully registered. For a more particular description of the enterprise, terms of agents, special offer to clubs, and purchase of two or more shares, manner of drawing, list of endowments, and references, description of Kansas, &c., send for their illustrated paper, the "Kansas Immigrant," mailed free to any address. Send five dollars for a share. Address S. M. STRICKLER, Secretary, Atchinson, Kansas.

The Old Pioneer Harness Shop.

CARVER . . . . . MINN.

**JOHN HERKELRATH, Pro.**

A very large assortment of double and single harness, constantly kept on hand. Repairing done to order on short notice. Prices to suit the times. Store opposite Holmes & Anderson, Main St. Carver.

**North Western Hotel.**

GLENGOE . . . . . MINN.

Is centrally located, and has good stabling attached.

**MONITOR HOUSE.**

West Minneapolis . . . . . Minn.

FERRANT'S BLOCK, 1st Street.

This hotel is newly furnished and centrally situated, with good stabling attached, offers superior attraction to the travelers and boarders.

**CLARK HOUSE.**

MINNEAPOLIS . . . . . MINN.

Corner of Hennepin Avenue and fourth street.

Opened November 17th 1874, and furnished with all modern improvements.

**GOOD PROPERTY FOR SALE.**

A RARE CHANCE.

I will sell at a bargain my dwelling and store situated opposite the Catholic Block in Chaska well located for any kind of business. Will sell the whole cheap for cash.

**JOHN FRANK & CO.,**

**Merchant Tailors,**

Shakopee, . . . . . Minn.

The undersigned are now prepared to do all work in their line according to the latest style. A full line of cloths, gents furnishing goods &c. constantly on hand. Give us a call and we guarantee a bargain.

**JOHN FRANK & CO.**

**SCHMIDT and RICHTER.**

PORTERS & WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

**WINES & LIQUORS.**

No. 17 & 19, Sibley St.

ST. PAUL . . . . . MINN.

**SIoux CITY & ST. PAUL RAILROADS.**

Passenger Accommodation.

LEAVE. 9:00 A. M. ARRIVE. 9:15 A. M.

Chaska 5:10 P. M. Shakopee 5:30 P. M.

Shakopee 9:25 A. M. Chaska 9:45 A. M.

" 5:40 P. M. " 6:00 P. M.

These Companies now offer in

**Southwestern Minnesota 900,000 Acres**

OF THE

**FINEST LAND in the STATE.**

At low prices.

On long credit.

With easy payments.

At low rates of interest.

These lands are very productive.

**J. C. OSWALD**

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Brandies, Gins, Wines and Cigars.

No 8, Pence Opera House,

MINNEAPOLIS, . . . . . MINN.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1855

**FINCK & THEOBALD**

Wholesale Dealer in

**Liquors & Wines,**

Direct Importers of

**RHINE WINES**

571 Third St., between Exchange and Eagle Streets.

ST. PAUL . . . . . MINN.

**JOHN MATHEIS' CARPET HOUSE.**

Wall Papers and Window Shades, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains.

To the trade throughout the State, we can furnish Goods in our line cheaper than ever before offered by any house in the state.

—Salesroom No. 44 and 46 W. Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.

**JOE. FRANKEN,**

Dealers in

**DRUGS AND MEDICINES,**

**Chemicals,**

**PERFUMERY,**

**SOAPS, COMBS AND BRUSHES,**

**SUPPORTERS,**

**SHOULDER BRACES,**

**Fancy and Toilet Articles,**

**CHINA WARE,**

**BOOKS AND STATIONERY.**

a large and well selected stock of

**Wall Paper,**

**KEROSENE, LINSEED,**

and all kinds of

**MACHINE OILS,**

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

**FRUIT JARS,**

**GRASS & GARDEN SEEDS,**

and a large stock of

**Window Glass and Glass Ware,**

**Putty, Paint, Varnish,**

and

**DYE STUFFS,**

**Pure Wines and Liquors**

for medicinal purposes.

**Patent Medicines**

of all kinds.

**PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS**

compounded from the purest drugs, made a specialty, and all orders correctly filled.

Our goods are selected with care, and warranted as represented.

John Orth.

**John Orth & Co.**

**BEER BREWERS,**

Minneapolis, . . . . . Minn.



## Chaska Valley Herald.

A. L. DU TOIT, Editor.

CHASKA.

MINN.

### SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Critics, Criminals and Casualties.

A negro is before the court in Atlanta, Ga., for bigamy.

Twenty-four sheep in a flock of 50 in Monroe county, Iowa, were killed by lightning.

An unknown insane man killed a well known citizen of New York, named James S. Blair, on the night of the 2d.

Alexander Slater, of Manassas, Iowa, committed suicide, Wednesday, by hanging. Gravel for the loss of a favorite child is alleged as the reason for the rash act.

A woman in Newburgh, N. Y., wrapped herself in a cloth saturated with kerosene to cure rheumatism, when it took fire and she was burned to death.

A boy named Stansberry, living near Cairo, Ill., was playing with a metallic cartridge when it exploded, the ball entering his head through his mouth, killing him instantly.

Willie Morgan, son of State Senator Bright Morgan, and Victor Morgan, son of a prominent citizen of Hernando, Miss., were drowned in Hernando lake, near there, in attempting to save the life of a companion. Two other young men narrowly escaped the same fate before the youth for which Morgan and Moore lost their lives were rescued.

A party of highwaymen stopped a train on the Missouri Pacific railroad, west of Jefferson City, and by intimidating the men and passengers, who were in the train, forced the express car to stop. The highwaymen then proceeded to rob the express car of twelve or fifteen thousand dollars and left. The whole country immediately surrounded the locality of the robbery, took arms and started in pursuit, but the outlaws being masked there is little hope of capturing them as no one can identify them.

Personal, Impersonal and Political.

There is scarcely a quorum left in the House during the proceedings in the Belknap impeachment trial.

Hungry and impudent tramps among northern Iowa. The people are antagonistic divided between shot-guns and law as to the best method of getting rid of them.

General Marshall Lefferts, while on the way to Philadelphia, on the 2d, with the veteran corps of the 7th regiment, suddenly died, and the whole regiment returned home with his body.

The compromise between the Senate and House on the postal appropriation bill gave postage on third-class matter, such as transient papers, magazines, books, etc., at one cent for each half ounce.

Hon. Edmund Young Parsons, member of Congress from the Louisville district, in Kentucky, died in Washington on the 5th. He was a prominent lawyer, and son of a well-known Methodist divine.

The heirs of Conductor Locke, who was killed about one year since on the Sioux City and Pacific railroad, near the former place, have been awarded \$7,000 damages by the Harrison county circuit court.

Joseph Daly, 76 years old, residing in Philadelphia, attempted to kindle a fire, by pouring oil into his stove. An explosion took place and the unfortunate man was horribly burned about the body and face, the flesh coming off the bones in some places. His recovery is very doubtful.

Miscellaneous News Items.

The khedive has furnished the porte 12,000 men.

Delavan, Wis., is to have a new chemical fire engine, to cost \$2,000.

Grasshoppers have appeared in the cotton fields in Polk county, Georgia.

Officers of the Des Moines and Fort Dodge roads are prospecting a branch from Dallas Center to Guthrie Centre, via Fanoia.

One day last week a loaded freight car became detached from its train at Delavan, Iowa, and did not come to a halt until it reached Delhi, two miles distant.

The new postal regulations embraced in the appropriation bill just passed by Congress, does not change the existing law regarding the circulation of county newspapers.

The admissions to the Centennial exposition on the 7th, numbered 59,024, of which 46,061 were paid. The whole number of visitors since the opening had been 1,967,654.

Advices from the Turkish war on the 8th report serious Serbian reverses, but so little reliability is placed upon the various telegrams that they attract very little comment.

Fourth of July accidents were rather more numerous than usual this year. The tragedy of new and old boys and girls who heads required to mend the losses is somewhat astonishing.

The San Domingo authorities allowed a man who had come to that island under protection of the United States flag to be taken off by force. The mob fired upon the U. S. vessel and tore down the flag.

The Servians crossed the Turkish frontier at three points, on the 2d, and simultaneously the prince of Montenegro led his army into Herzegovina. A perfect agreement had been established between the two principalities.

Private advices from Bucharest indicate that within a few days the army sent considerable reinforcements to Bessarabia. Australian troops are concentrating near Agaram, in Croatia, and reinforcements have been ordered to Dalmatia.

The war in Turkey is now in full blast. The principal European powers have determined to join the ring and the army went on. The Servians were defeated in the first engagement with the Turks, leaving 700 dead on the field of battle.

The centennial celebrations throughout the whole country are on a scale much beyond the greatest expectations of the most patriotic. The procession in St. Paul was several miles in length and was the most magnificent affair ever witnessed in the northwest.

On leaving Belgrade to take command of his army of 100,000 men, Prince Milan said: "Soldiers and people of Serbia! I leave the capital to you, the valiant army which will aid me to fight victoriously the natural enemy of my country and religion. Adieu until after victory!"

Two brothers named Richardson, of Dundee, Mich., went hunting on the 4th. When they returned Thomas shot a bird and got into a tree to secure it, when William came up. Hearing something in the tree he shot into the moving leaves and was hurled to see his brother fall to the ground, dead.

A remarkable condition of affairs existed in the U. S. Treasury on the first day of July. There was no Secretary of the Treasury nor assistant treasurer, nor cashier. The cashier room was closed, and no drafts paid. Toward night the President recalled

his acceptance of Mr. New's resignation, which remedied the temporary embarrassment.

The conference committee of the Senate and House finally agreed to a postal appropriation bill which fixes the rate of postage on all third-class matter except unsolicited circulars at one cent for every two ounces, or fraction thereof, and the sender may write his name on the outside, preceded by the word "from," or may write briefly, or print on any package the number and name of articles enclosed.

The death of Martin Schuster, a wealthy hotel proprietor of Brooklyn, from hydrophobia, was a terrible affair. Schuster was bitten ten weeks ago by a large bloodhound. On Sunday afternoon he began to complain of dull pains in the back that gradually moved upward to his head, when they became acute. He experienced difficulty in breathing, and barked and growled like a dog. His sufferings were terrible, and in anguish and frenzy he attempted to bite one of his children and fought the doctor like a demon.

The Markets.

The Spring shipments of the "Minnesota" grade of wheat have been disastrous to the extra rates heretofore prevailing for all northern consignments. Reports of damaged fields and the consequent unfavorable prospects for the coming crop, however, have had a stimulating effect on prices which has prevented anything like a panic. Nothing can revive the reputation of the "Minnesota" wheat which has been lost by the poor crop of last year's crop after the storms, but rigid measures on the part of every farmer and all owners of small warehouses, to keep in the best possible condition the grain of the coming harvest. This reputation, which has been lost, is worth from three to five cents per bushel, and on an average crop would yield the region in Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin which produces it, over three millions of dollars. The closing price in New York, by latest advices, was, for No. 3, 2 1/2; No. 2, 3 1/2; No. 1, 4 1/2; No. 1, 5 1/2; No. 1, 6 1/2; No. 1, 7 1/2; No. 1, 8 1/2; No. 1, 9 1/2; No. 1, 10 1/2; No. 1, 11 1/2; No. 1, 12 1/2; No. 1, 13 1/2; No. 1, 14 1/2; No. 1, 15 1/2; No. 1, 16 1/2; No. 1, 17 1/2; No. 1, 18 1/2; No. 1, 19 1/2; No. 1, 20 1/2; No. 1, 21 1/2; No. 1, 22 1/2; No. 1, 23 1/2; No. 1, 24 1/2; No. 1, 25 1/2; No. 1, 26 1/2; No. 1, 27 1/2; No. 1, 28 1/2; No. 1, 29 1/2; No. 1, 30 1/2; No. 1, 31 1/2; No. 1, 32 1/2; No. 1, 33 1/2; No. 1, 34 1/2; No. 1, 35 1/2; No. 1, 36 1/2; No. 1, 37 1/2; No. 1, 38 1/2; No. 1, 39 1/2; No. 1, 40 1/2; No. 1, 41 1/2; No. 1, 42 1/2; No. 1, 43 1/2; No. 1, 44 1/2; No. 1, 45 1/2; No. 1, 46 1/2; No. 1, 47 1/2; No. 1, 48 1/2; No. 1, 49 1/2; No. 1, 50 1/2; No. 1, 51 1/2; No. 1, 52 1/2; No. 1, 53 1/2; No. 1, 54 1/2; No. 1, 55 1/2; No. 1, 56 1/2; No. 1, 57 1/2; No. 1, 58 1/2; No. 1, 59 1/2; No. 1, 60 1/2; No. 1, 61 1/2; No. 1, 62 1/2; No. 1, 63 1/2; No. 1, 64 1/2; No. 1, 65 1/2; 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## LINENFELSER & FABER'S COLUMN.

We are now receiving New Goods daily, consisting of

## DRY GOODS

AND

## NOTIONS,

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Crockery & Glassware.

These goods were bought to be sold at

Prices to Suit Customers.

We buy all our goods in Chicago and New York, for cash, and defy competition!

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

All are invited to come and examine our goods, and they will not go away dissatisfied.

We sell for Cash, and can sell Cheaper than any establishment that sells on trust. We do not have to make up our bad debts off our cash customers, and can afford to put our goods at the lowest prices.

You can save money by buying your goods of us.

You can get better goods for less money. We keep no shoddy, but all our goods are warranted to be of the best material and what they are represented.

We keep constantly on hand the best stock of

## GROCERIES

In the Minnesota Valley, consisting of Coffees, Sugar, Teas, Pure Spices, etc., etc., which we are selling at prices that defy competition.

We pay the highest market price for Wheat, Oats, Corn, Barley, and all kinds of farm produce, in cash, or goods at cash prices.

F. LINENFELSER,  
GEORGE FABER.

## LOCAL NEWS.

### Here and There.

The city "council" were out last week viewing the streets, fixing grades, &c. Jos. Starken, Esq., has finished the cellar for his new building.

Fishing parties are the order of the day. Minnetonka seems to be the favorite resort.

Louis Meeschler and his brother William are at work in Benton painting. They are good workmen.

Read the notice of the city authorities relative to sidewalks, in another column. Take notice, one and all, ourself included.

Our farmers are in the midst of haying and are unusually favored by good weather. The crop is very good—more than an average crop.

Michael Briansworth is building a very large frame barn, which will cost upwards of \$1,000. The frame is already up. Mr. B. is one of the largest and best farmers in the county.

J. W. Gregg, Esq., was laid up a couple of days last week, caused by the extreme hot weather of Thursday and Friday. He is about again.

We had quite a refreshing shower of rain yesterday, yet hardly sufficient to meet the requirements of the soil and crops.

Business is quite dull at present. We however hope for a revival of trading. Money is also scarce, but with Tilden for President we look for a revival of good times.

Henry Wetzig, of Laketown, is quite ill. He is some 68 years of age and was one of the pioneer settlers of this county. His illness is general debility. This will be sad news to his many friends.

At the citizens' meeting last Saturday evening the balance of the money on hand after paying the expenses of the celebration, \$105, was turned over to the city authorities for public improvements.

If you want cigars call on J. Franken; he will sell them to you at eastern prices and save express charges. He has received the agency for several new brands. He is also agent for Chas. Ringwald's cigars.

Justice Griswold issued another warrant in case of the State against Adam Unglaub, of Benton. The charges are for obstructing the highway. A change of venue was taken before Judge Sargent, who, after hearing the evidence, imposed a fine of five dollars and costs.

The lager beer cellar of B. Leiverman, Esq., situated in the bluff in the rear of town, on the Victoria road, caved in last week and caused considerable damage. Mr. L. estimates his loss at over \$600. But he is already repairing the damage and is as enterprising as ever.

Our young friend Otto Streissguth was down to St. Paul last week and returned on Monday last. He was followed next day by a fine lot of household furniture of every description, which has been placed in the Thies mansion. The cargo is new ready, and there is nothing lacking but the "bird," which we expect to greet very shortly. Success.

The performers of Leavitt's Bell Ringers consists of ladies and gentlemen, eight in number, and will treat every one civilly and with respect, and expect the same treatment in return. They will do their best to please and amuse their patrons. It is a mistaken idea that all public performers are strolling vagabonds, and all who listen to this company will find them not only good musicians and masters of their business, but people of culture and refinement.

Dr. D. F. Urmy, dentist, of Minneapolis, is at the Washington House, and will remain two weeks. Persons wishing dental work would do well to give him a call.

Fire.—On the night of the 3d of July the house of Montgomery Burdell, of Young America, was consumed by fire. Loss about \$500. Insured in the Farmers' Mutual for \$300.

Tax List.—We shall publish the delinquent tax list next week. We have a large force of workmen engaged setting the same up. It will be interesting reading to our delinquent tax payers.

Trip.—We made a hasty trip through Benton and Dahlberg this week and find that the wheat is better than reported. Corn is excellent; oats and barley are also looking well. Barley will be ready for harvest next week.

Big Sale.—We are informed that Messrs. Anderson, Heinemann & Co., of Norwood, have sold their new store building and stock of goods, to Messrs. Supko Bros., and will deliver possession this week. The consideration paid is about \$3,000.

Lottery Enterprise.—Nick Schoenborn has been appointed agent for the Kansas Land Emigrant scheme. It is very highly recommended by the most prominent and reliable citizens of Atchinson, Kansas. Read the advertisement in another column, and consult Nick.

Brick Business.—The weather for the past month has been very favorable to the manufacture of brick, and Messrs. Gregg & Griswold have improved their time. They have up to this time burned and shipped four kilns, and are burning the fifth, making in the aggregate over 900,000 thus far manufactured.

The West Bros. have also burned two kilns. These two firms employ over 60 men in their yards.

Ice Cream Saloons.—Mrs. Hamel has fitted up a very neat ice cream parlor in the store building adjoining her residence.

Nick Schoenborn will furnish delicious ice cream every Sunday at his residence. Give them calls.

Tinware.—Henry Vaaris has sold his stock of tinware, &c. to Albert Kohler, of Waconia, who has now a first class assortment of tinware, hardware, stoves, &c., in addition to his fine stock of furniture. We heartily recommend him to our readers.

Henk's Block.—The masons are hard at work on Henk's new block and will almost, if not quite, complete the first story this week. The building is 26x60, two stories, with open front, iron columns, stone cappings, &c., and will be, when completed, the best appearing and most complete building in the city. It will cost in the neighborhood of \$4,000. Messrs. Streissguth & Heinemann will occupy the same when completed.

Personal.—Jerrie Ehemson, of Laketown, called on us Monday last.

Sam. Geier, of Chanhassen, has returned from his big farm in Stevens county. He reports the crops good.

H. J. Peck, Esq., of Shakopee, was in town on Monday and Tuesday on business connected with his profession.

Hon. John M. Archibald, of Dundas, Rice county, was in our village on Tuesday last. Mr. A. is a State Senator from Rice and is deservedly popular at home.

City Council.—The publishers of the HERALD offered, some time ago, to publish the proceedings of the village council free of charge, which offer was accepted. They have had several meetings since but the citizens of our village have looked in vain for a report thereof. Shall we have to poke you up with a long stick, gents?

County Commissioners.—The Board of County Commissioners will meet on July 24th, and will, during the session, review the assessment and equalize between the towns and villages. They will also transact such other miscellaneous business as may properly come before them.

Leavitt's Bell Ringers.—This celebrated company of bell ringers and vocalists will give one of their unrivalled entertainments at Concordia Hall, Chaska, on Tuesday, July 18. They have made a tour of the States lately and are very highly commended by the press and critics. Be sure and attend their entertainment.

Suicide.—Capt. Frank Halstead, the hermit of Lake Minnetonka, well known to our old citizens and all frequenters of the lake, committed suicide by drowning last week. No cause is assigned for the rash act. The Captain was at times genial and pleasant, and extremely hospitable. He had resided at the lake over twenty years, and all that time in bachelor fashion—alone.

The Crops.—Advices from the back tier of towns of this county represent the crops as being good, almost up to a good average crop, but in the middle and river tier of towns the reports are conflicting, but all agree in saying that with anything like favorable weather we may expect a two-thirds crop.

Corn and potatoes are good. Oats and barley are middling.

County Treasury.—We are informed that County Treasurer Weego remitted to the State Treasurer, Plender, on June 28th, as State apportionment due from this county the sum of \$2,175 00.

On July 3d he also remitted to the same officer, interest collected on school lands, &c., the sum of \$4,445 92, being a total of \$6,620 92.

Our genial treasurer is determined to keep up the credit and reputation of Carver county, and place her where she belongs—in the front ranks.

FALL ELECTIONS.—STATES TO VOTE BEFORE THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

From the New York Graphic. The result of the Presidential canvass will be largely influenced by the fall elections in several important states. These state elections indicate the current of public feeling and strengthen it. They appeal very powerfully to that large class of voters who want always to be on the winning side, and there is always quite a large class of such voters.

The Pennsylvania election in October, 1876, defeated Fremont in November, and the Pennsylvania and Ohio elections in October, 1872, killed Horace Greeley.

The following is the order and dates of the several fall state elections previous to the Presidential election in November:

1. Kentucky.—On the first Monday in August. But the position of this State is so well understood that the election will be regarded as merely a democratic ratification meeting.

2. North Carolina.—The first Thursday in August. This is one of the contested States, though it is claimed by the democrats. In the election of 1872 Caldwell, the republican candidate, was chosen governor by a majority of 1,899, while Grant's majority in the November election was 22,904. This state fired the first gun which resulted so disastrously to the democratic-liberal candidates. A fair election, in which bowie-knives, revolvers and rifles are not used to intimidate the colored voters, will doubtless show that the parties are very evenly divided, and the result of its state election will be looked for with eager interest.

3. California.—The first Wednesday in September. The election in this state is of great importance. It will show the

feeling of the whole Pacific slope. The parties are pretty equally divided, each claiming a majority, and both will struggle earnestly for success. The Chinese labor question will enter largely into the state canvass, and may have more influence than national politics in determining the result.

4. Vermont.—First Tuesday in September. This state is peculiarly republican, and the only general interest attaching to its election will be in noting the relative loss and gain of the two parties.

5. Maine.—Second Monday in September. This strong republican state will doubtless re-elect its present popular governor by a handsome majority. The significance of the election will be in the increase or diminution of the republican majority, and the result will be watched with special interest to note the effect Mr. Blaine's defeat had in that state.

6. Georgia.—First Wednesday in October. This state is controlled by the democrats. The canvass will be watched with interest to catch the indications of the southern political sentiment.

7. West Virginia.—Second Tuesday in October. This state is claimed by the democrats, but should the republicans nominate strong and popular candidates there will be an exciting contest, and the republicans may win. Such a result would stimulate the party in other states, and have a decidedly cheering effect.

8. Ohio.—Second Tuesday in October. The rag-baby heresy has doubtless weakened the democrats and strengthened the republicans, and since the nomination of Governor Hayes to the Presidency, there is no doubt that the republicans will carry the state by an increased majority.

9. Indiana.—Second Tuesday in October. This is the center and stronghold of the greenback movement, and the canvass will be largely affected by the views of presidential candidates on the financial question.

10. Nebraska.—Second Tuesday in October. This is the last of the fall elections that will have any influence on the main result.

11. Texas.—First Monday in November. This is too near the time of holding the presidential election to effect it in any perceptible degree. It is a democratic state, and its state elections are usually effected more or less by local issues.

The Grasshoppers.—Advices from St. James, Hersey, Windom, Worthington, St. Peter and other points in the grasshopper region, report the pest flying for the last three days, but few being left in the localities where hatched. The flight so far has been north-west, which, if continued, soon carry them beyond the outposts of civilization. All reports agree that the damage from the pest thus far has been much less than for previous seasons, and if this flight should result in their permanent departure for the season, as now seems probable, the prospects are good, with kindly rains and cool winds, for a fair crop in the grasshopper region.

Reports from the central and southern sections in the State show considerable improvement in wheat the last two weeks, through the severe drought following the seeding, gave the crop such a set back that more than a two-thirds crop is expected. From the northwest sections favorable reports continue to be received, and with favorable ripening weather fully an average crop is looked for. Barley and rye are about ready to cut, and look promising. Corn generally is very promising as are also oats, while potatoes will be an immense yield.

In General Custer's "Life on the Plains," published in the Galaxy, and afterwards in a volume, there is a fine description of the discovery by General Custer of the remains of Lieutenant Kidder, son of Judge J. P. Kidder, formerly of St. Paul, who, with a party of ten, was killed while carrying dispatches from General Sherman to Gen. Custer. The following sentence has a peculiar application to the sad fate of Custer and his men near the bank of the Rosebud:

"While the details of that struggle will probably never be known, telling how long and gallantly this ill-fated little band contended for their lives, yet the surrounding circumstances of the ground, empty cartridge shells and distance from where the attack began, satisfied us that Kidder and his men fought as only brave men fight when the watchword is victory or death."

Life Insurance.—As life insurance is now very popular among all classes, especially among the farmers, we feel it our duty as a journal, to occasionally speak of some of the leading, sound, safe and reliable companies doing business in this State. We have lately examined into the financial condition of the Old Washington Life Insurance Co., of N. Y. This company has large, solid assets, a large surplus and is a company that is admirably managed. It is the only one which applies its dividends to build good policies which otherwise would be null and void from non-payment of premium. If a policy which has a dividend credited upon it lapses from non-payment of premium the company will hold the policy good for such length of time as the dividend bears to the yearly premium. This reliable company is represented by Maj. J. A. Sabin, St. Paul.

SAFES  
BANK LOCKS  
VAULT WORK  
HALLS SAFE & LOCK CO.

M. A. BIGFORD, GEN'L AGT.  
Minnesota, Dakota and British Possession.

No. 16 JACKSON-ST., ST. PAUL, MINN.

## NEW LEGALS.

Notice to Creditors, STATE OF MINNESOTA, J. S. County of Carver.

IN PROBATE COURT. In the matter of the estate of Patrick Curry, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Patrick Curry, late of the County of Carver, deceased, that the Judge of the Probate Court of said county will hear, examine, and adjust claims and demands against said estate, at his office in Chaska in said county, on the first Monday of each month for six successive months commencing with first Monday in June 1876, and that 6 months from the 5th day of June 1876 have been limited, and allowed by said Probate Court for creditors to present their claims.

ANTHONY DOUGHERTY, Administrator of the estate of Patrick Curry, deceased.

Notice to Creditors.—Hearing before Commissioners. In the matter of the estate of John Neussinger, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have been appointed by the Judge of the Probate Court of the County of Carver State of Minnesota, commissioners in the matter of said estate, to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said John Neussinger, late of said County, deceased; that 6 months from July 3d 1876 have been limited and allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims; and that the Judge of Probate will hear 1st Monday of every month for the next six months, in court house in said county, examine said claims and demands against said deceased as aforesaid.

IDA NEUSSINGER, Administratrix of estate of deceased.

Summons. State of Minnesota, County of Carver, District Court, Eighth Judicial District. Fanny Matteson against Albert Matteson, Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned at their office in Chaska in the County of Carver, and State of Minnesota, for said County, on or before the 1st day of July A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock in the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Dated June 27th A. D. 1876. BAXTER & CHILDS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Chaska, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, J. S. County of Carver.

IN PROBATE COURT. In the matter of the Guardianship of Maria T. Anton, J. August Vogle, minor children of Anton Vogle, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Arnold Hoen, guardian of the person and property of said minors, for license to sell a part of the real estate of said wards; and it appearing from said petition that it is necessary and would be beneficial to said wards, that said real estate, or a part thereof, should be sold.

It is ordered that the next of kin of said wards, and all persons interested in the said real estate, shall appear before this Probate Court, at the Probate office in the town of Chaska, in the County of Carver aforesaid, on the 1st day of July A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause why license should not be granted for the sale of said estate.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be personally served on the next of kin of said wards, residing in said Carver County, and on all persons interested in said estate, at least fourteen days before the hearing of said petition as aforesaid, and by the publication thereof for three successive weeks in the Valley Herald, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the town of Chaska in said Carver County, the last of which publications shall be at least fourteen days before said day of hearing.

Dated Chaska, Minn., 15, 1876. By the Court, J. A. SARGENT, Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Sale. Whereas, John Atrops and Elizabeth Atrops his wife, did on 5th day of June A. D. 1874, make, execute and deliver to Luther L. Baxter and Harrison J. Peck that certain indenture of mortgage bearing date of that day, to secure the payment of two certain promissory notes in said mortgage described, whereby the said mortgagors did then and there mortgage to the said mortgagees the following described land and real estate lying and being in the County of Carver and State of Minnesota, to wit:

The east half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section thirty four (34), in township one hundred and fifteen (115), range twenty-six (26) which said indenture of mortgage was duly acknowledged by the said mortgagors, and is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Carver county, in book "H" of mortgages on page 243.

And whereas, the said mortgage and the said promissory notes thereby secured were sold, transferred and assigned by the said Luther L. Baxter and Harrison J. Peck to Frederick Hoffken, of the County of Carver, State of Minnesota, by deed of assignment, dated the 27th day of October A. D. 1874, and duly acknowledged, and thereupon, on the said 27th day of October, A. D. 1874, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Carver county, in book "H" of mortgages on page 243.

And whereas, the said mortgage and the said promissory notes were duly assigned, transferred and assigned by the said Frederick Hoffken, to the said J. A. Sargent, of the County of Carver, State of Minnesota, by deed of assignment, dated the 27th day of October, A. D. 1874, and duly acknowledged, and thereupon, on the said 27th day of October, A. D. 1874, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said Carver county, in book "H" of mortgages on page 243.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and of the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the said above described premises sold at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house in the village of Chaska in said Carver county on Saturday the 31st day of August A. D. 1876 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on said mortgage, and the costs and expenses of sale.

Dated June 14, 1876. FREDERICK HOFFKEN, Assignee.

BAXTER & CHILDS, Attorneys for Assignee.

State of Minnesota, County of Carver, J. S. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Peter Asfeld, Jr., deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Theresa Asfeld, of Benton, Minn., representing, among other things, that Peter Asfeld, Jr., late of Benton, on the 20th day of May A. D. 1876, at Benton, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Ferdinand Hammer granted, it is ordered that said petition be heard by the Judge of this Court, on Monday the 17th day of July A. D. 1876 at 10 o'clock a. m. at the court house in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the VALLEY HERALD, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Chaska, in said County.

Dated at Chaska the 17th day of June, A. D. 1876. By the Court, J. A. SARGENT, Judge of Probate.

## GREAT BARGAINS

### Great Closing Out Sale

AT DUNN'S OLD STORE, CARVER, MINN., To commence on Saturday, May 13, and to continue until \$12,000 worth of goods are sold, at and

## Below Cost

For CASH, or in Exchange for Produce.

The undersigned being desirous to retire from business is fully determined to sell his entire stock, consisting of

Ready Made Clothing, Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Crockery, at and below cost.

Special attention is called to an immense stock of Men's and Boys' Ready Made Clothing!

MILLINERY GOODS! Consisting of Ladies' and Misses' trimmed Hats, Flowers, Ribbons &c. Remember Dunn's Old Store is the Place.

A. JASSOY, Carver, Monday, May 8, 1876.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF GOODS IN CHASKA!

AT YOUNG'S OLD STAND, KEPT BY H. Goodrich.

READ THE FOLLOWING. We would respectfully call the attention of the public to our advertisement. It is well worth while to read it. We do not say: "Competition take a back seat!" but we do say, that we are bound not to be UNDERSOLD!

We have just received from St. Paul the largest stock of goods that has ever been brought to the Minnesota Valley, bought at the lowest prices, and we are confident, that we can offer greater inducements than any other house in Chaska.

OUR PRICE LIST.

Soap 26 bars for	1 00	Striped shirting	10
Tea 2 do	1 00	Ticking as low as	
Oysters, 6 cans for	1 00	Bleached shirting	5
Peaches 5 do	1 00	Cheviots	
Strawberries 5 do	1 00	Alpacas	25
Blackberries 5 do	1 00	Large summer shawls	
Pepper 3 boxes	75	Duckies	15
Fine cut chewing tobacco per lb	40	Jeans as low as	
Smoking do	25	Demmens	
Vinegar, per gal	40	Farmers cloth	
Molasses do	65	Stockings	5
Good syrup do			

THE LARGEST STOCK IN BOOTS & SHOES EVER BROUGHT TO CHASKA.

Good summer boots we sell for	\$2 50	Boys' Shoes in proportion.	
Thick Boots	3 50	Ladies' surgid shoes	\$1 00
Good fine do	4 00	Goat furred shoes	1 00
Mens fox do	2 50	Good goat shoes	2 25
Mens best plow shoes	2 00	Heavy shoes, A, calf,	1 50
Fine gaiters	2 00	Slippers	75
Red Shoes	1 75	Misses' and children shoes to correspond.	
Cloth do	1 25	And all other goods at lowest possible	
Low Ties	1 75	prices.	

H. GOODRICH.

## LARGEST STOCK OF GENERAL Merchandise

Ever Exhibited at Chaska, AT BOTTOM PRICES!

## STREISSGUTH & HEINEMANN

CHASKA, MINNESOTA. Cash for Wheat. All Kinds of Produce in Exchange.

## Chaska Harness Shop!

BY Hammer & Beierstettel.

STORE NEAR NATIONAL HOTEL.

We start in new with a very large and varied stock of Double d Harness, Whips, Blankets, Trunks V alises, and all other goods in our line which will be sold at bottom prices for cash. Repairing done to order on short Notice.

Give us a call and examine our Stock.

A. M. SWENSON, Proprietor of the

## CARVER CARDING MILL!

CARVER, MINNESOTA. Mr. Swenson has just finished his carding Mill and is now ready to receive

## WOOL FOR CARDING!

Charges reasonable, and good work guaranteed. He also pays the highest CASH PRICE FOR WOOL. Mill on Carver Creek.



# MISSING ISSUE

Date:

Jul 20 1876







A. L. DU TOIT, Editor.

CHASKA,

MINN.

## TIMELY TOPICS.

The Shah of Persia is about to make another visit to the West, but will follow the example of Dom Pedro this time and travel incognito, as the "Duke of Tabriz."

St. Louis offers to contribute \$250 toward helping Boston save the "Old South Church." It is a balance remaining from money raised in Boston for the Western Sanitary Commission.

The "crusade" has shown symptoms of breaking out again in Ohio, two or three of the Cincinnati saloons having been favored with visits from the ladies and requested to permit prayers and singing.

The organ makers report that the prejudice against their wares are dying out in Scotland, though there are still those in the rural districts who refuse to stay in church and listen to them.

New York charity affords no shelter to homeless children unless they are under three years of age or over fourteen; between those ages a child must steal or commit some other crime in order to secure public protection.

The authorities of Edgewater, Long Island, are at their wits' end to decide what is a suitable and decent bathing dress for those who use the beach adjoining the public street. Pending the decision of this momentous question the people go unwashed.

The destruction of Castle Garden has disclosed the fact that the title to the Battery is in a muddle, the city, the State and the United States all being claimants, with private parties standing behind them as representatives of original owners.

Dom Pedro's departure deprives America of the only royal guest it ever had who managed, throughout an extended visit, to escape ridicule. The quiet persistence with which he has minded his own business and insisted upon other people minding theirs is the key to the situation.

The man who owns the Cardiff Giant—the genuine one, not the twelve dollar imitation—has discovered in Ireland the petrified body of Finn MacCull, the noted giant of the "Caucusway." He has a genius for finding such things, and if his honesty were less assured one could almost be pardoned for suspecting that he knows where to dig.

It is an offense in New Jersey to publish a man as a delinquent in respect to the payment of taxes when he is not so. One of the tax collectors in Bergen county, in that State, has recently been chosen defendant in a suit brought to recover damages occasioned by his persistent publication of Congressman Phelps as a delinquent, when the land assessed to Mr. Phelps did not belong to him.

The Canadian government has been unpleasantly surprised by the persistent vitality of the surviving veterans of 1812, to each of whom it gives an annual gratuity of \$20. As one hundred and twenty of the veterans died last year it was supposed the amount required this year would be much less than it was; but one hundred and fifty new claimants have now come forward from remote districts and proved their service.

The religious press of Great Britain is alarmed at the introduction of effigies of heathen gods and goddesses, likely to result from the profane presentation to the Prince of Wales of such effigies as articles of jewelry. What is feared is a return to idol worship on the part of the British people; but the fear is utterly groundless. There is no more prospect that Great Britain will be converted to the faith of the heathen than there is that she will succeed in converting the heathen to her faith.

## OLD SOL AT THE CENTENAL.

Philadelphia Press of Saturday.

The direct effect of the past heated term is best disclosed by an examination of the coroner's record. Although the warm weather had commenced in June and had continued without cessation day after day, for nearly three weeks, yet no cases of sunstroke or death from exhaustion were reported until last Saturday, when six deaths were brought to the coroner's notice. Upon the following day, Sunday, the heat increased in intensity, and its effect upon humanity was such that twenty-six sudden deaths were caused thereby. This weather was continued on Monday. The thermometer did not reach such a high point as on the previous day, but there was an oppressiveness in the atmosphere which was felt in an increased number of sudden deaths from the heat. Twenty-eight were reported on Monday. On Tuesday and Wednesday, although the thermometer still retained its position at midday among the nineties, the deaths did not exceed nine per day. On Wednesday night there was a sudden turn for the worst, and the notifications to the coroner show that twenty deaths by the heat were reported to him on Thursday for examination. So that in six days there were 98 deaths directly from the heat. A visit to the morgue during this time showed how terribly strong were the rays of the midday sun. As many as twelve bodies were exposed for examination at one time; the marble slabs were utilized, and eight ice-boxes were brought into requisition. It was found impossible to keep the bodies of the unknown dead exposed to public view for seventy-two hours, as the law requires. Decomposition set in so fast that it was deemed expedient to photograph the remains and then dispatch them to the potter's field as soon as conveyances could be obtained.

## SUMMARY.

## Crimes, Criminals and Cannibals.

A fire in the town of Gauray, France, rendered four hundred families homeless.

A pick-pocket named Hendricks fatally stabbed police sergeant McGivern, of New York, after being arrested.

The propeller St. Clair, plying between Duluth and south shore points, burned on the 19th, and 27 lives are reported lost.

Another yacht disaster occurred near New York, on the 29th. It was on the Hudson, and resulted in the drowning of five men.

A train on the Central Pacific ran over and killed a man near Truckee, who was found to have been lashed to the track by parties unknown.

A fire at Lachine, Ontario, on the 29th, destroyed a boat house, a number of boats, a steam yacht and burned to death the child of the proprietor.

A pleasure yacht was struck by a small near Staten Island last week and turned upside down, and a number of lives, including Commodore Ganier and wife.

Mr. J. L. Roe, state senator of Jefferson county, Wis., made another and probably successful attempt to commit suicide on the 29th, at his own residence, by taking poison.

The coroner's jury in the case of the Mohawk calamity gave a verdict that Capt. Bowditch, the sailing master, was not guilty of any neglect and he was at once discharged from arrest.

A young man named Davis, son of a banker at Barry, Ill., was killed while raising the window to enter a young lady's room in the hotel. The father of the girl shot him in the head.

Hillary Page, of Richmond, a negro incendiary, being pronounced by medical experts sane and responsible for his acts, the governor of Virginia has ordered his execution September 1st.

The Dubuque lumber company's saw mill burned on the 23d, together with a finishing shed and half a million feet of dry finishing stock. Loss \$40,000; insurance \$15,000, principally in eastern companies.

A party of six, sailing on the Maquettier near Davenport, Iowa, was upset in some unaccountable manner and three ladies of the party drowned. The names of the unfortunate are Mrs. West, Mrs. Billings, Miss Hayden and a child.

Violent storms visited various localities on the 21st. At Richmond, Va., several tobacco warehouses were unroofed, and their stock badly damaged. Three men were killed near Ottawa. At Philadelphia trees were blown down and houses unroofed, and at Parker's Landing much damage was done to various kinds of property.

A dispatch from Plymouth says two days before the disastrous trip of the Thunderer her boilers were tested by hydraulic pressure, making necessary the wedging down of her safety and other relief valves, and it has been discovered the wedges had never been removed. The communication valve was also closed and no steam was able to escape even to the engine.

## Personal, Impersonal and Political.

Hon. Geo. T. Hoar has declined a re-nomination to Congress.

The new trial of Mr. Beecher by the committee of five is preparing for its work.

The result of the recent Democratic primaries proved a stunning defeat of Tammany.

Mr. Ben. Butler denies a report that he has withdrawn from the congressional contest.

A Liberal Republican state convention has been called to meet at Saratoga August 23, to endorse the nomination of Hayes and Wheeler.

Bristow has determined not to respond to questions concerning proceedings of the committee on the whisky prosecutions notwithstanding the President's request for him to do so.

The reception of ex-Secretary Jewell at his home in Hartford was a perfect oration, regardless of party. The reception committee was composed of citizens of both political parties.

Richard Allen, chairman of the "Schurz convention" which met in New York three months ago, has annulled the call for a national convention, and supporting the Republican ticket.

Gov. Hendricks denies the report that a difference exists between himself and Gov. Tilden. He says they are not on any material points, but on the main issues of the campaign are united.

## Miscellaneous News Items.

In the late college races on Saratoga lake the Cornell crew won in 17:00.

The entire western portion of the town of Des Moines, Ky., is in ashes.

The Servians on the 21st recorded a great victory over the Turks in a battle of importance.

The King of Italy, in a letter to the President, congratulates the Centennial nation upon its arrival to years of discretion and accountability.

A peremptory sale of 3,000 loads of blankets, in New York, brought merchants from all parts of the country. Prices bid were very low.

The agents of the Erie, Grand Trunk and Baltimore & Ohio roads have decided that they will not make the same reductions as the Pennsylvania railway has done.

The House has passed a bill appropriating \$20,000 to build two military posts in the Sioux country in accordance with the recommendation of Gen. Sheridan, Terry and Custer.

Late reports confirm the statements frequently made that the chief Sitting Bull was killed in the battle with Custer. Crazy Horse and Black Moon were also killed and over four hundred of the Sioux warriors.

The Emperor of Brazil and party sailed for Europe, on the 12th, in the steamship Russia. The men-of-war in the harbor ran up the Brazilian flag, manned the yards and fired salutes as the Russia steamed out.

Gen. Merritt intercepted the Sioux of Red Cloud who were en route to join Sitting Bull's forces, and drove them back. It is not probable that another attempt will be made to reinforce the hostiles from Red Cloud.

Private advices from Bucharest indicate that within the last fortnight Russia has sent considerable reinforcements to Bessarabia. Austrian troops are concentrating near Agrom, in Croatia, and reinforcements have been ordered to Dalmatia.

An insane man named Smith, en route home to Illinois in care of his wife, jumped from the train between Black Bluffs and Butler Creek, while his wife was asleep, and was not found till the following day, in a ditch, badly injured and 36 hours without food or water.

The committee of Boston citizens who tried to raise by subscription money sufficient to purchase Old South Church of revolutionary fame, having failed to secure the

required sum the work of demolishing the ancient edifice has been resumed.

Since the original committee gave up the purchase of Old South Church, in Boston, a committee of ladies have bought the building on condition that unless money enough is raised within thirty days to purchase the ground the edifice shall be taken down and re-erected on some other site.

Two brothers named Richardson, of Dundee, Mich., went hunting on the 4th. When they separated Thomas shot a bird and got into a tree to secure it, when William shot into the moving leaves and was horrified to see his brother fall to the ground, dead.

A negro appeared at Philadelphia last week and claimed to know the whereabouts of little Charlie Ross. The negro claimed to be in the employ of confederates during the war.

Mosher and Douglas, who still have charge of the stolen ship, Little Commodore, was placed in his story but like all others his truth was to be fully tested.

Couriers from Gen. Crook's camp arrived at Cheyenne on the night of the 25th, and reported the force all right, thus relieving the fear of the officers. Crook's camp was reported to have been moved to the mouth of the Snake river, and the Indians were making daily efforts to draw Gen. C. into a fight outside his fortifications.

The civil service committee, having made a report in the so-called Blakely-Sweet case, concerning David Blakely's connection with the office of pension agent at Illinois, re-opened the case to allow Blakely and others to testify, has refused to amend the original report which charges Blakely with gross irregularities, and James H. Baker with conspiring therein to aid Blakely. Baker was removed from the office of surveyor general of Minnesota on the recommendation of the committee.

The Senate, on the 17th, refused to take up the bill for the equalization of bounties by a vote of 20 to 21. Messrs. Hamilton and Morgan took the occasion to deliver a long and high-sounding speech in support of the bill. The bill was introduced appropriating one hundred thousand dollars for the completion of the Washington monument; also a bill authorizing the government to accept volunteers from Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, Wyoming, Colorado, Dakota and Utah, for service against the Sioux Indians; also for the erection of a monument to General Custer. The bill was passed removing the political disabilities of Gen. Beauregard, and for the repeal of the act repealing the suspension act, but failed to pass.

The Senate committee on commerce, on the 18th, reported favorably on the bill to authorize the construction of a railroad bridge across the Mississippi river at St. Louis. Senator Booth, from the committee on lands, reported a bill declaring the rights of settlers upon lands claimed by the United States. The House bill was introduced providing for the election of general land officers in the territories. Mr. Kelly introduced a bill making standard dollars a legal tender. A hot session was held on the 19th, on the bill for the relief of the Sioux Indians, in which Cox and Townsend were engaged, while many more of their charges were introduced.

On the 19th the Senate instructed the committee on military to inquire into the expediency of purchasing from Count de Bismarck certain papers in his possession relating to the war of the revolution. The impeachment trial was again opened with J. D. Evans on the stand. Evans testified that nothing of the money paid to Belknap until made public in the newspapers. Legislative business was then resumed, and the sundry civil bill reported favorably as it passed the House. The House directed a survey made of the Central Pacific railway for the purpose of determining the feasibility of the route which the Government had proposed.

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## CROOK'S SCOUTS.

Account of Lieut. Sibley's Exploit on the Rosbud.

The New York Herald's correspondent in Crook's camp sends the following:

"A reconnoitering party of 39 persons under the command of Second Lieut. Frederick W. Sibley, of the second cavalry, was sent from this camp on July 6. They were to observe the movements and position of the Sioux, and if possible the whereabouts of Terry. On the 9th they returned on foot after a terrible retreat of two nights and one day. They were surrounded by the enemy in prodigious numbers, and only escaped miraculously by the sacrifice of all their equipment excepting arms and ammunition, including 31 picked saddle horses and two mules. But for the sagacity and caution of guide Crook and Baptiste, and the judgment and gallantry of Sibley, no one would have survived."

The handful of men left our camp broad daylight with a strange absence of precaution, for which some blame is due to Sibley in rank is responsible, it being usual to disguise such movements under the shelter of darkness."

They marched all night of the 6th toward the sources of the Little Big Horn. On the 7th, after a slight meal, which afterward saved them from perishing, they pursued their course through some foot-hills verging toward the mountains. The conformation of the cavalry was extremely favorable for the purpose. The Sioux covered a wide plain."

At about half-past four a large body of Sioux was espied from the top of the bluff, marching eastward. They seemed to spread all over the plain, and evidently were moving to attack the camp on Goose creek. Lieut. Sibley's party remained crouched in the horrible anxiety for an hour watching their movements. Soon a tremendous shout warned them that the trail they seemed to be looking for was found. Quickly hundreds of savages were crowded upon it, and set out upon the chase at full gallop, uttering those terrible wolfish cries peculiar to the Sioux and Cheyennes."

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On the 21st a long and hot



# TEENY'S AMY.

My cousin, shallow-hearted!  
O my Amy, mine no more!  
O the dreary, dreary moorland!  
O the barren, barren shore!

Faith, but fair as saints above!  
Does the wealth thy lord has brought thee,  
All the golden power that bought thee,  
All the wondrous change wrought thee—  
Does it compensate for love?

In thy shallow heart to-day,  
Does there lurk a sign or token,  
A remembrance of faith broken,  
A regretful thought spoken,  
As you wear its hours away?

Is thy golden bondage sweet?  
Does thy course lead never greet you,  
In his false, gross soul deceive you,  
Or thy fondlest hopes betray you,  
Making life all incomplete?

When thy head lies on his breast,  
And thy heart yearns in sleeping,  
Does it never wake with weeping,  
Dreary, saddest vigil keeping,  
Lest he see its wild unrest?

O Amy, false and frail one!  
And thy every thought surrender  
To thy heart, does it engender  
Sorrow for the wrong you've done?

Do there never come sad dreams  
Of a time before, when you were  
Twin'd in golden love bound you,  
Twined its yellow meshes round you,  
Are you faithless as you seem?

O thou fair as saints above!  
Weary years have sped by thee  
And the wealth thy lord has brought thee,  
And the wondrous change it's wrought thee,  
Does not compensate for love?

# THIRKEES HASSAN.

The Story of the Man Who Murdered the Turkish Ministers.

Therapia, June 18.—(Thirkees Hassan, or Hassan the Circassian, came out of the military school at Constantinople with the rank of lieutenant about three years ago. He was implicated in some disturbances which occurred soon after that at Ismid, was arrested, sent to Constantinople, and shut up in a military dungeon for one month. He subsequently took an active part in another Circassian riot at Rodosto, but escaped without punishment. He had powerful friends at the palace, being either a brother or near relative of the third so-called "wife" of Abdul Aziz, the very woman who, from her harem widow, saw the sultan fall exhausted by loss of blood when he put an end to his life and who herself died of grief at her bereavement, on Sunday last. Hassan, a young man of 25, was renowned for his proficiency in the use of all weapons, a dead shot, a master fencer, and so sure a rider that he would undertake for a bet to shoot a number of eggs from his saddle as his horse ran at full speed. He was of a slender but wiry frame, exceedingly strong, with a red beard, and had the fine, regular features peculiar to his handsome race. His disposition was said to have been from early youth exceedingly violent and undisciplined. Thanks to the favor of his kinswoman, Hassan rose to the rank of a captain and adjutant, and was made aide-camp to Yousouf Izzeddin Effendi, the eldest son of the late sultan, who was in command of the imperial guard. After the deposition of Abdul Aziz, the war minister, Hussein Avni Pasha, who wished to remove from the capital all persons suspected of two-sided loyalty, ordered Hassan to join his army corps at Bagdad. As Hassan, notwithstanding his promotion to the major, with which the banishment was accompanied, disregarded the order, and uttered violent and scolding remarks, he was arrested on Thursday, but released in the same evening, having pledged his word that he would proceed to his destination on the following morning. Tair Tair Pasha, a Circassian general, ordered Hassan to security for his good behavior, and his young countryman's engagement. He has since been imprisoned.

Upon obtaining his freedom, Hassan on the same evening crossed the Bosphorus and went to Hassan Avni's residence at Pashali Liman, near Scutari. There he was told that the minister of war was not at home, but would probably be at that moment attending a council at Midhat Pasha's house in the quarter of Taouacchi. Hassan repaired, thither, therefore, Hassan repaired, arriving at Midhat's Conak at about 10 a. m. The council was in session, attended by the grand vizier, the war minister, the minister of marine and High Admiral Ahmed Kassis, Midhat Pasha, president of the council; Raschid Pasha, minister of foreign affairs; and Hali Pasha, minister without portfolio; according to some other accounts three ministers were present. Hassan wore his uniform and had on his military cloak, under which he concealed two revolvers, six shooters,—some say four revolvers,—beside a yataghan and a kamana or Circassian knife. The ministers sat on the upper floor, on the ground floor were their men in attendance—a numerous company. Hassan, on being told that he could not at once see Hussein Avni, sat down with these people, chatted with them, and took coffee, having thus disarmed suspicion he, toward midnight, stole out of the ante-chamber, walked up stairs to the council-room, and found there, on duty at the door, Selim Aglia, the homing de confidence of Midhat Pasha—or of the grand vizier—by whom again he was told he could not see Hussein Avni's aide-camp. He had scarcely turned his back, when Hassan opened the door and found himself in the presence of the council.

The council chamber, Midhat's best room on the upper floor, is a large hall with a bay window and balcony at one end, enjoying an extensive view on the Sea of Marmara, and at the opposite end a door leading to the inner apartments. On both sides of this door are two divans, on which the ministers sat, Hussein Avni and Raschid Pasha on the other side facing the lateral door leading to the state case, and a door leading to the grand vizier and Hali Pasha, said Effendi, the minister, or under secretary of the grand vizier, and Mahmoud Bey, grand referendary of the council, sat apart on another divan. Midhat Pasha had risen and stood before them dictating a telegram. Hassan, as he entered the lateral door, found himself face to face with Hussein Avni and Raschid Pasha, and stepping up to the former, revolver in hand, cried out, "Davranma, Seninleri (do not stir war minister)." He fired and Hussein fell, badly wounded, but not dead, vainly attempting to draw a revolver he had in his pocket.

Terror seemed to seize the other ministers. Midhat Pasha at once made

for the bottom door, rushed through it to the inner apartments, and was followed by all his colleagues with the exception of Raschid Pasha, who remained as if spellbound and nailed to his seat, while the minister of marine, Ahmed Kassis, who alone showed some presence of mind, immediately closed with the assassin, seized him around the waist, and pinned down both his arms. Hassan, however, succeeded in disengaging his right hand, and with his Circassian knife inflicted several wounds on Kassis, who at last released him and joined the other ministers in the flight. In the meantime Hussein Avni was crawling with great difficulty toward the entrance door. Thereupon Hassan, leaving the marine minister, whom he would otherwise have killed, and rushing upon Hussein Avni, lashed at him with his knife, cutting his throat, and never leaving him till he lay motionless at his feet. He turned then, and perceiving Raschid Pasha, who had never stirred, and alone remained in the room, seated on the divan—in the midst of some persons already dead with fright—he pointed his revolver at him, exclaiming, "Do you stop here to arrest me?" and shot him through the head.

The assassin then went up to the bottom door, which the fugitives had fastened and barricaded from the inside, and shaking it lustily, he cried, "Grand vizier, open the door; no harm to you is intended," and called out that the minister of marine should be delivered up to him.

The vizier, greatly terrified, cried out from behind the door: "My son, not now; you are too excited to listen to reason." Hassan, baffled in his rage, sent two pistol shots through the door.

Several minutes elapsed during this horrid butchery, the people in the ante-chamber below stairs, though they heard the report of the fire-arms, not daring to stir, as they apprehended that the murderer was only the instrument of some conspiracy in which some of the persons present might be implicated, and for some time they

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army the surest, if not the only, element of order, an instrument which, perhaps, no man can now wield with an equally steady hand, and without which attempts at innovation are not unlikely to plunge the country into utter anarchy. Midhat Pasha will now have to go to work under the influence of haunting terrors, for the old court party, to which the Circassian Hassan belonged, are not persons, and only a few suspected persons have been arrested. The sultan's life and that of Midhat are held as scarcely worth a month's purchase, and liberal measures were mooted only so far as is compatible with unremitting vigilance.

Aunt Priscilla's Story.

Ernestine was a strange girl. People called her queer and odd; even her own mother said she didn't know what to make of Ernestine at times. Haughty and perhaps cold and reserved to the many, to the few she was most affectionate and gentle. I had known Ernestine ever since she was a baby-child, and she was very fond of me. I lived in the little white house opposite her—lived alone, with the exception of my nephew, Jack. Jack was in love with Ernestine; no one knew it but me. I don't think Jack himself had decided about his feeling toward her. They say there's none so sharp in love-affairs as an old maid; still, I must confess that, when I saw Jack following her around with his eyes, I felt a little sorry for him. Ernestine's mother was a fine, noble woman, and paying her so many little attentions, I wondered how people could be so blind as not to notice it.

I had made up my mind that Jack should have her, and was laying my plans about the wedding, when something occurred that completely upset them. The way that it happened was this: I went over one evening to get a recipe for making crullers from Ernestine's mother, who was sitting by the side-door, I saw Ernestine and some young man from the city playing croquet. I was screened by the lilacs and syringas, but had a good view of them, and could observe plainly the exertions he was making to please her.

Watching them, I could not help thinking sorrowfully of Jack, as if the mere coming of this stranger should darken Jack's prospects of winning her. Struggling my shoulders impatiently, I passed into the garden, where Ernestine's mother was sitting. From her I learned that the young man was Ernestine's cousin Aleck; he was an artist; and had come upon him for his summer-sketching. There were a great many young people visiting in the village that summer, and scarcely a day went by without some summer merry-making. Ernestine went to all of them; and where Ernestine was, there was Aleck. So I did not see serious cause for the sadness which I had not been near the House. All the reports about her and her cousin came from outside. I think Jack had heard them, too. I noticed that he grew thin and pale; and, in fact, worried a great deal. He was a lovely night in June, and everything went on in the same quiet way.

About three weeks after her cousin came. Ernestine opened the gate, and I saw Ernestine, for a week she had not been near the House. All the reports about her and her cousin came from outside. I think Jack had heard them, too. I noticed that he grew thin and pale; and, in fact, worried a great deal. He was a lovely night in June, and everything went on in the same quiet way.

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I heard from Jack every now and then; he did not mention Ernestine, and I wrote of him drum home matters only. In September, Aleck came up from the city. From some cause of coldness had risen between him and Ernestine; and afterwards, even when they were the best of friends, they found there was not enough love alive to bring them together again. This incident to demonstrate, as he said, that "the Yellow-Haired Chief was game." The morning of the Wichita fight, Custer left his supply train and surrounded the enemy half an hour before daylight. A rumor had reached Maj. Elliot's ears that some of the Seventh Cavalry intended to profit by the opportunity, and kill their General for his alleged tyranny. The Major so informed Custer, with the suggestion that he should not turn his back to his men. Custer replied that he never commanded a man who would shoot him in the back, and sent word to the band to start the music. "What tune shall we play?" inquired the leader. "Play 'Garry Owen,'—a good tune to die by," shouted Custer, as he put spurs to his charger, and was the first man in the famous fight.

Jack had been home but two days. It was a Monday evening in December, and I was sprinkling the clothes. I still retained my old opinion that Jack and Ernestine were meant for each other; so, when Ernestine opened the door, I thought it was the luckiest thing in the world. I pointed to the clothes, and said: "I'm very busy, just now, Ernestine; but"—opening the sitting-room door—"Jack is here, and he'll entertain you until I'm through," and then I shut the door and went back to my sprinkling. I didn't hurry very much, and, even when the last roll of Jack's collars had been putted down, I lingered. At last, after making a most unnecessary hanging of do to herald my approach, I stood on the threshold of the sitting-room. Jack and Ernestine were standing by the window; he had both of her hands in his, and I saw at once that Ernestine was not in the blushing, unintelligent explanations, and hearty congratulations were over, Ernestine said, glancing shyly at Jack: "Isn't it just the strangest thing, Aunt Priscilla, that I'm to be your Jack's wife, after all?" "Strange! As if I had not been sure of it all along."

About Aleck! Oh! he's engaged to Ernestine's cousin, and going to be Jack's best man. And I? Why I'm helping Ernestine's mother to make the wedding-cake.



